

The London Gazette.

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Abstract of an Act to preserve and encourage the Woollen and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for more effectual employ the Poor by prohibiting the Use and Wear of . . . printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoes, in Apparel, Household-Stuff, Furniture, or otherwise, after the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two (except as therein is excepted.)

FROM and after the Twenty fifth Day of December, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, It shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever to use or wear in Great Britain, in any Garment or Apparel whatsoever, any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoe, under the Penalty of forfeiting to the Informer the Sum of five Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, for every such Offence, being lawfully convicted thereof by the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace; which Justice or Justices is and are hereby respectively authorized and strictly enjoined and required, upon any Complaint or Information upon Oath exhibited or brought of any such Offence committed, contrary to this Act, within Six Days after Commitment thereof, to summon the Party accused; and, upon his or her Appearance or Contempt, to proceed to Examination of the Matter of Fact; and upon due Proof made thereof, either by voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath or Oaths the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby respectively empowered and required to administer) to hear and determine the same, and upon such Conviction to cause the said Penalty, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals respectively, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods and Chattels, rendering to the Party the Overplus (the Charge of such Distress and Sale being first deducted;) nevertheless it shall be lawful for any Party aggrieved to appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions to be holden for the County, City, Riding, or Place, where the said Offence or Offences shall have been committed, giving Six Days Notice at the least of such Appeal to the Prosecutor or Prosecutors; which Justices, at such General Quarter Sessions, are hereby authorized and empowered to hear and determine the same, and their Judgment therein shall be final.

• If any Mercer, Draper, Upholder, or any other Person or Persons, or Corporation whatsoever, shall at any time or times after the said twenty fifth Day of December, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-two, sell, utter or expose to Sale any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoe, or any Bed, Chair, Cushion, Window-Curtain, or other Household-Stuff, or Furniture whatsoever, made up of, or mixed with any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoe, unless for Exportation thereof, and unless the same shall be cleared outwards accordingly, as is usual in case of Sale for Exportation, every such Person or Corporation so offending, shall, for every such Offence, being lawfully convicted thereof, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be recovered as is herein after directed; and every Steward, or other Officer of such Corporation, or his Deputy, offending herein, and being lawfully convicted of such Offence, shall, over and besides the Forfeiture or Penalty aforesaid, forfeit and lose his Office and Employment, and be incapable to hold the same.

From and after the said twenty fifth Day of December, one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to use or wear in Great Britain, in or about any Bed, Chair, Cushion, Window-Curtain, or any other sort of Household Stuff, or Furniture, any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoe (except as herein after is excepted) under the Penalty of forfeiting (being thereof lawfully convicted) the Sum of twenty Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be recovered as herein after is directed

One Moiety of all pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, where the same shall exceed five Pounds, shall be to the Informer or Prosecutor, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed; and such Penalties as are not herein directed to be otherwise recovered, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, for Offences committed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or in His Majesty's Court of Session, Court of Justiciary, or Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for Offences committed in that Part of Great Britain, together with full Costs of Suit, by any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, within six Calendar Months next after the Offence committed.

If it shall appear, that any Person convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall be sheltered or protected, or doth, or shall reside or inhabit in any pretended Privilege Place whatsoever, every such Offender shall and may be taken from thence by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any of His Majesty's Justices of the Court of Kings-Bench, Common-Pleas, or Barons of the Exchequer in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any of the Lords of Session, Judges of the Court of Justiciary, or Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland; and shall be, by any such Justice, Lord of Session, Judge, or Baron, committed to the Common Goal of the County or Place where the Offence was committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, till Payment and Satisfaction of all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, with full Costs.

That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, in any wise to any Callicoes which have already been, or which before the said twenty fifth Day of December, one thousand seven hundred twenty two, shall be made up or used in any Bed, Chair, Cushion, Window-Curtain, or other sort of Household Stuff or Furniture, provided the same be continued to be worn and used in such Household Stuff or Furniture, and not otherwise.

Nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal, make void, or alter any Law now in Force for prohibiting Callicoes printed, painted, dyed, or stained in foreign Parts, or for prohibiting any other Goods or Manufactures whatsoever.

All Persons and Bodies Corporate, who shall on or before the said twenty fifth Day of December, one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, export any Callicoes, shall be entituled to, and have such and the same Allowances and Advantages upon the Exportation thereof, as fully as if the same had been exported within twelve Months after the Importation thereof.

If any Person or Persons shall be sued or prosecuted for any thing done or to be done in Purfuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Prosecutor or Prosecutors, shall become Nonsuit or forbear Prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him, her, or them, the Defendant or Defendants shall have treble Costs, and shall have the like Remedy for the same, as in any Case where Costs are by Law given to Defendants.

The Prohibition of Callicoes intended by this Act, and the Penalties thereby inflicted for wearing or using printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoe in Apparel, Household-Stuff, or Furniture, after the twenty fifth Day of December, one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, contrary to this Act, shall respectively extend to prohibit and shall be levied and recovered for wearing or using in Apparel, Household-Stuff, or Furniture, after the said twenty fifth Day of December, one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, any Stuff made of Cotton, or mixt therewith, which shall be printed or painted with any Colour or Colours, or any Callicoe chequered or striped, or any Callicoe stitched or flowered in foreign

Parts with any Colour or Colours, or with coloured Flowers made there (Mullins, Neckcloths, and Fustians excepted) in such manner as the Penalties inflicted by this Act for wearing or using printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoes, in Apparel, Household-Stuff, or Furniture, after the said twenty fifth Day of December, one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, contrary to this Act, are to be levied or recovered; but under such Limitations, and with such Liberties, Privileges, and Advantages as are mentioned and expressed in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force relating thereto, or relating to printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoes.

Nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to such Callicoes as shall be dyed all Blue.

Stockholm, March 15, O. S. On the 10th Instant Mr. Finch, His Britannick Majesty's Minister, waited on Prince George of Hesse Cassel, to pay his Highness his Compliments on his safe Arrival at Stockholm; and his Highness did him the Honour to return the Visit the same Day. That Day the Swedish Plenipotentiaries, Count Lilliested and M. Strumfield, took their Leaves of the King and Queen; and they set out this Morning for Neustad. This being the Year of Jubilee for the Reformation in Religion, established in this Kingdom by Gustavus the First, great Preparations are making for keeping the same on the 17th Instant. His Majesty, after the Rejoycings are over at Stockholm, will go forthwith to Upsal, in order to be present at the Performance of some Ceremonies there on the same Occasion, and will honour that University with taking a Doctor's Degree.

Paris, April 9. In Pursuance of the Resolution taken the 1st Instant in the Sorbonne, a solemn Service was performed on the 3d in their Church, for the Repose of the Soul of the late Pope; at which assisted above 300 Doctors in their Robes, with Wax Tapers in their Hands. The Abbot Vivant, Dean of the Abbey of St. Germain d'Auxerrois, who went to Rome with the Cardinal de Rohan, is made Confessor to the King in the Room of the Abbot Fleury, who has resigned that Office on Account of his great Age, and an Express is sent to Rome to recall the former. A Council of Regency was held on the 7th Instant, wherein after a long Debate it was resolved, that the Petition of the India Company for their Discharge from the Debt incurred by the Bank Notes, should be rejected, and the Company made responsible for those Notes, amounting to near 1800 Millions, which the Company being unable to pay, is thereby become intirely suppressed, and their Privileges granted to a new Company which is going to be established for carrying on the Trade. An Arrêt will be accordingly published within a few Days for that Purpose. Two Geneva Merchants were seized here some Days ago, upon Suspicion of having counterfeited the new Louis d'Ors, of which 13 or 14000 were found in their Possession; and Expresses have been dispatched to Lisle and Amiens, to seize their Accomplices.

Whitehall, April 4. His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Robert Walpole, Esq; George Bailie, Esq; Sir Charles Turner, Kt. Richard Edgcombe and Henry Pelham, Esqs; to be Commissioners for Executing the Office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Exchequer.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Robert Walpole, Esq; to be Chancellour and Under-Treasurer of His Majesty's Exchequer.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Thomas Woodcock, James Cardonnel, Thomas Milner, Esqs; Sir Thomas Rous and William Churchill, Jun. Esq; to be Commissioners of the Receipt and Management of the Duties upon Salt.

Whitehall, April 3, 1721.

A dreadful Fire having lately happened near Croomb in Worcestershire, and there being some Reason to suspect that it was wilfully and maliciously occasioned; His Majesty is pleased to promise His most Gracious Pardon to any Person concerned in the same who shall discover his Accomplices, so as they may be legally convicted.

CARTERET.

A Reward of Twenty Guineas is promised likewise to the Person making such Discovery, by the Right Honourable the Earl of Coventry.

Whitehall, April 3, 1721.

Whereas the Private Men whose Names are hereunder mentioned, belonging to Colonel Edmund Fielding's Regi-

ment of Invalids at Portsmouth have left their Duty without Leave, and deserted His Majesty's Service; These are therefore to give Notice, that unless they repair to Portsmouth, and join the Regiment in fourteen Days from the Date hereof, they will not only be struck off the Out-Pension of Chelsea-Hospital for ever, but likewise prosecuted as Deserters, and punished according as the Act of Parliament for Punishing Mutiny and Desertion, &c. directs.

Geo. Treby.

John Abbott, James Burrows, John Stevinson, James Dast, John Wilburne, Henry Vickers; Henry Bourn, James Standard, Thomas Dyke, Philip Pullen, Mathew Pryker, John Davidson, Stephen Gelly, John Slip, John Morphew, Henry Stewart, John Fould, James Tod, George Miller, George Mackdonald, William Jones, Thomas Jones, John Robinson, James Rud, John Brown, Robert Wade, Thomas Gray, Daniel Maggoe, Mathew Townsend, Nicholas Christy, Thomas Liver, John Roberison, John Willson, Thomas Savage, David Willson, Thomas Torrington, James Morrice, Mathew Toby, William Elder, John Cameron, John Gardner, Thomas Strandgwigge, James More, Thomas Bartlett, Henry Rickardson, John Robinson, John Tompson, Arthur Savage.

All Persons who have Claims upon the Corporation of the Amicable Society for a Perpetual Assurance Office by the Death of any Member in the Year 1720, are hereby required to bring in their Proofs to the Office in Hatton-Garden, within 40 Days after Lady-Day last, in order to receive their Dividends; and all Members who are five Quarters in Arrear, will be excluded at the the next General Court, unless they make their Payments on or before the 24th Instant.

Advertisements.

These are to give Notice, that the Leasehold Estate, consisting of several Houses in Queen-street, Westminster, Covent Garden, Long-Acree, Keishall-Green, Aldersgate-street, and Wheelers-street, in the Parish of St. Pancry; and in Buckridge-street, in the Parish of St. Giles's in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, will peremptorily be sold on Thursday the 20th Instant, before James Light, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, at five in the A. Chancery: Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

LOST from Chelsea a few Days ago, a mild-colored Liver-Colour and White Shock Spanish Dog, his Hair being then very thick and tough. Whoever brings him to the Master of the Tennis-Court Coffee-House in the Cockpit, Whitehall, shall have a Guinea Reward, and as much as asked.

LOST on Saturday last the 1st Instant, a Turkey-Leather Case, wherein were several Notes of Value, supposed to be left in a Hackney Coach. Whoever brings it with the Notes therein, to the Rose Ale-House in Thames-street, near Puddle-Dock, shall have 10 s. Reward, and no Questions asked. Payment of the Notes being made, they are worth nothing but to the Owner.

THIS is to give Notice, That on Saturday the 11th of February last, there was stolen or fray'd out of the Grounds of Mr. Townsend, of Brickley, in the Parish of Deptford, in the County of Kent, a Sorrel Gelding, 14 Hands high, and upwards, with four white Feet, a white Blaze down his Face, a Swift Tail, and a white Spot on the Near Side of his Back, about four Years old, burnt on his Hoofs with R. G. Whoever gives Notice of the said Gelding, so that he may be had again, to Mr. Edward Gabriel, at the Castle in Lower Deptford, or to Caleb Brown, City Eryer, at his Office in Kingstreet, near Guildhall, shall have a Guinea Reward, and reasonable Charges.

FOR Sale by the Candle, To-morrow the 5th Instant at Lloyd's Coffee-house in Lombard-street, at 6 in the Afternoon, (one Cask in a Tolt) viz. the entire Cargo of the John, Robert Shannon, directly from the Maderas; consisting of 37 Pipes of extraordinary good new White Malmsley Madera Wine, and 5 Pipes, 23 Hhd's, and 9 Quarter Casks of excellent new White Vidoria Madera Wine, just landed, in a Warehouse in the Gateway of Porter's Key, next the Custom-house, No. B. There will be no more Malmsley Madera Wine imported this Year. To be seen and tasted this Day, from 8 to 1, and from 2 to 6, and all Day To-morrow (as above) till the Time of Sale. To be sold by Tho. Hatton and Wm. Gibbon, Brokers.

WHEREAS divers People have pledged with Mr. Bibby, at the Three Bowls in Witch Street, Callicoes made and unmade; all Persons having left such Pledges, are desired to fetch them away by Midsummer-Day next; And all other Pledges, of what kind so ever, that have now lain fifteen Months, if not redeemed within the above-mentioned Time, will be disposed of without any further Notice.

WHEREAS Joliph Bawden, of London, Pewterer, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; It is now to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 17th Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contributions, and to give and assist to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

N. B. Whereas it was advertised in the Gazette of Saturday last the 1st Instant, that Fatigue Farret, of London, Merchant, and Richard Martin, late of Bucklersbury, Lane, were to give Notice that it should have been read, to finish the Examinations.

